

## HOMEWORK 2

Due: 2026-04-16

1. Show that the product estimate holds for the more classical (inhomogeneous)  $L^p$  Sobolev spaces. These are denoted by  $W^{s,p}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ , for  $s \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $p \in (1, \infty)$ , with norm defined by

$$\|u\|_{W^{s,p}(\mathbb{R}^d)} := \|\langle D \rangle^s u\|_{L^p(\mathbb{R}^d)}.$$

More precisely, show that for  $s \geq 0$  and  $p \in (1, \infty)$ , we have the estimate

$$\|uv\|_{W^{s,p}} \lesssim \|u\|_{L^\infty} \|v\|_{W^{s,p}} + \|v\|_{L^\infty} \|u\|_{W^{s,p}}.$$

2. Study endpoint cases for two of the theorems we discussed in class. More precisely:

a) Recall the parilinearization theorem (Theorem 2.92 in the text): Let  $s, \rho > 0$ ,  $F$  smooth,  $\rho$  not an integer,  $p, r_1, r_2 \in [1, \infty]$  such that  $r_2 \geq r_1$ , and

$$\frac{1}{r} = \min\left(1, \frac{1}{r_1} + \frac{1}{r_2}\right).$$

Then

$$\|F(u) - T_{F'(u)}u\|_{B_{p,r}^{s+\rho}} \lesssim \|u\|_{L^\infty} \|u\|_{B_{\infty,r_2}^\rho} \|u\|_{B_{p,r_1}^s}.$$

b) Recall the commutator estimate (Lemma 2.99 in the text): Let  $f$  be smooth on  $\mathbb{R}^d$  and homogeneous of degree  $m$  outside of the unit ball  $B(0,1)$ . Let  $\rho \in (0,1)$ ,  $s \in \mathbb{R}$ , and  $p, p_1, p_2, r \in [1, \infty]$  with  $1/p = 1/p_1 + 1/p_2$ . Then

$$\|[T_a, f(D)]u\|_{B_{p,r}^{s-m+\rho}} \lesssim \|\nabla a\|_{B_{p_1,\infty}^{\rho-1}} \|u\|_{B_{p_2,r}^s}.$$

State parameters/spaces for which similar estimates hold when  $\rho$  is an integer in (a), and  $\rho = 1$  in (b). You may switch to  $L^p$  or Sobolev spaces if appropriate (in fact, the textbook provides such an answer for (b)). Prove the new estimates.

3. Recall Proposition 0.2.B in Taylor: For  $p(x, \xi) \in S_{1,\delta}^m$ , the Schwartz kernel

$$K(x, y) = \int p(x, \xi) e^{i(x-y)\cdot\xi} d\xi$$

satisfies the estimate

$$|\partial_{x,y}^\beta K| \lesssim |x-y|^{-(n+m+|\beta|)}$$

provided that  $m+n+|\beta| > 0$ .

Complete the partial proof provided in the text: generalize to  $\beta \neq 0$  and  $p(x, \xi)$  depending on  $x$ .